



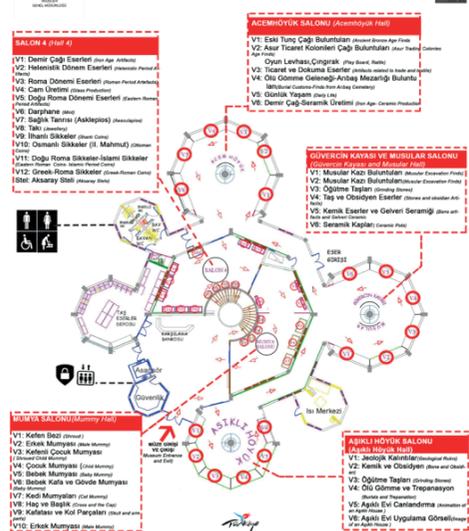
AKSARAY MÜZESİ YERLEŞİM PLANI AKSARAY MUSEUM SETTLEMENT PLAN



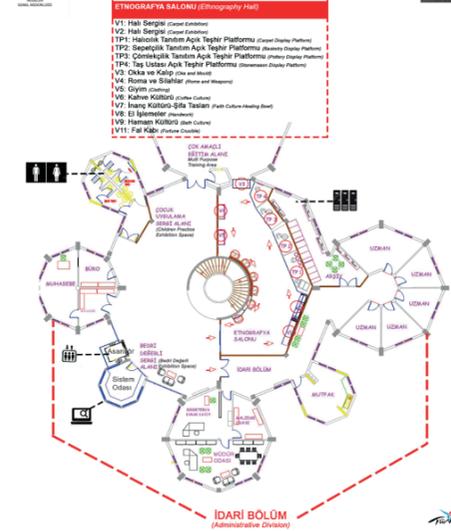
- A: AKSARAY MÜZESİ
(AKSARAY MUSEUM)
- A1: İSLAMİ DÖNEM MEZAR TAŞLARI
(ISLAMIC PERIOD TOMBSTONES)
- A2: PİTHOS ALANI
(PITHOS AREA)
- A3: GAYRİ İSLAMİ DÖNEM MEZAR TAŞLARI
(NON-ISLAMIC PERIOD TOMBSTONES)
- A4: SÜTUN ALANI
(COLUMN AREA)
- A5: OTOPARK
(PARKING AREA)
- A6: DİNLENME ALANI
(REST AREA)
- A7: ARKEOPARK
- A8: DİNLENME ALANI
(REST AREA)
- A9: HOBBİ BAĖÇESİ
(HOBBY GARDEN)



AKSARAY MÜZESİ ZEMİN KAT PLANI AKSARAY MUSEUM GROUND FLOOR PLAN



AKSARAY MÜZESİ ZEMİN KAT PLANI AKSARAY MUSEUM FIRST FLOOR PLAN



Visiting Hours		
April 1-October-1 Opening Time: 10:00 Closing Time: 16:00 Ticket Office Closing Time: 16:00	October 1-April 1 Opening Time: 09:00 Closing Time: 16:30 Ticket Office Closing Time: 16:30	Closed on Saturdays and Sundays. *Visiting Hours may vary due to pandemic.
Address: Hacilar Harmanı Mah.Konya Cad.5. Bulvarı No: 16 Merkez/Aksaray • Phone: 0382 215 56 36		
Please visit the web site for up-to-date information.		

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GENERAL DIRECTORATE FOR
CULTURAL ASSETS AND MUSEUMS

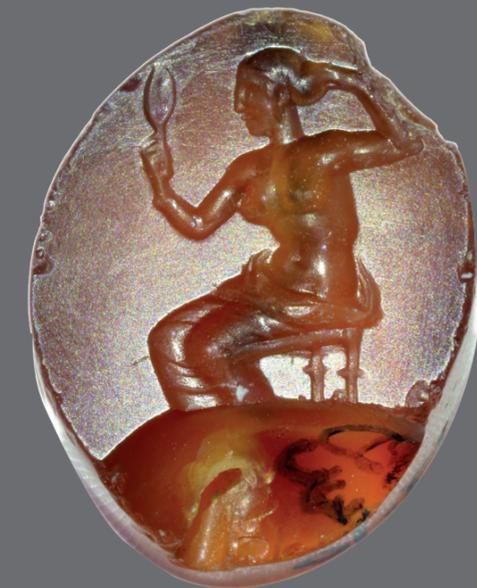


AKSARAY MUSEUM



The Vase-Anatolian Seljuk Period

The fight of an eagle and a duck is depicted in four circular medallions placed on the body of the vase, made of gilded metal in clear yellow paste color. Between the medallions is a human figure. As the motifs and depictions on the vase made in openwork technique are rarely encountered, it is one of the unique works of the Seljuk period..



Amber Ring Stone

A Roman woman tidying up her hair looking at the mirror is portrayed (2nd century CE).



The First Brain Surgery of Anatolia

One of the significant ancient artefacts found in the Aşıklı Mound is the remains of a brain operation discovered in the skull of a woman aged 20 to 25. The 11.5mm diameter hole discovered in the skull of the woman, who was buried along with her 9-month-old child, appears to be one of the oldest brain surgeries (trepanation) in the world. Traces of further healing after the operation were discovered in the bone tissue around the hole. Self-recovery of the tissue with a width of 1-2 mm had started and consequently the patient had not died during the operation but lived for several weeks afterwards.



Fortune Telling urn of Seljuk Period

On the fortune telling cup with silver inlay on a copper base, dating from Seljuk Period (13th century), the prayers are written beside descriptions of the 12 astrological signs known as the Zodiac cycle. Another example of this fortune telling urn that is rare among the artefacts thanks to the Zodiac Cycle on it is displayed in the Metropolitan Museum.



Aksaray Stele

Founded in 1969, the Aksaray Museum was renovated in 2014 and opened to visitors with a chronological exhibition order. Various historical artefacts belong to the ancient ages starting from Neolithic Period, including the period of Ottoman Empire are exhibited in this museum.

The beauties that will impress you await your visit...